

Rankings for Scientist

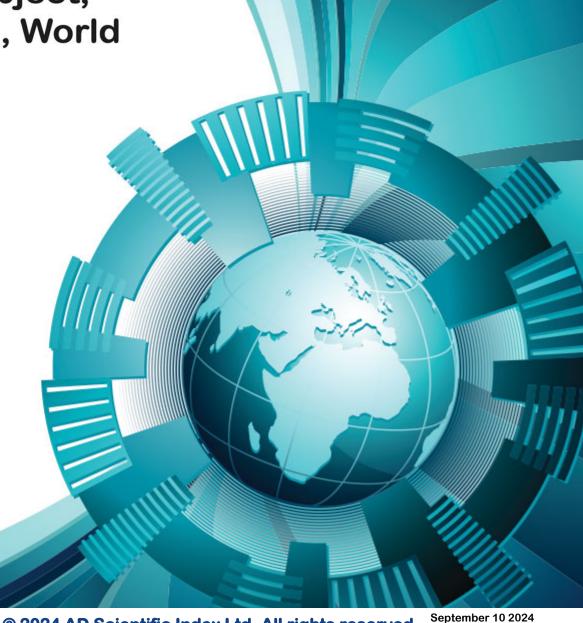
University, Subject, Country, Region, World

Oceania

Top 10000 Scientists

AD Scientific Index 2024





Oceania Top 10000 Scientists "AD Scientific Index 2024" World Scientist and University Rankings 2024

(Total 2.411.701 scientist, 219 country, 24.318 university)

What is the AD Scientific Index (Alper-Doger Scientific Index)? Developed by Prof. Dr. Murat Alper and Associate Prof. Dr. Cihan Döğer in 2021, the AD Scientific Index is an independent, international ranking system that evaluates the academic impact of scientists and institutions. The AD Scientific Index analyzes 24.318 institutions and 2.411.701 scientists across 219 countries in 12 major academic fields and 197 disciplines. Based on data obtained from Google Scholar and subjected to multiple levels of data filtering, this study provides a comprehensive assessment of scientists' productivity coefficients, taking into account total and last six years' h-index, i10-index scores, and citation counts. Through its academic rankings, analyses, and comparative results, the AD Scientific Index offers extensive data that facilitates the monitoring, evaluation, and development of policies for enhancing the scientific contributions of both individual academics and institutions.

Why is the AD Scientific Index (Alper-Doger Scientific Index) Needed? The AD Scientific Index, World Scientist and University Rankings, is unique in that it is the first and only system to provide a dual analysis of both the total and six-year productivity coefficients of scientists, based on h-index, i10-index, and citation data. This dual focus is crucial for accurately assessing both historical impact and recent academic performance. Moreover, the index evaluates scientists across various academic fields, institutions, and countries, offering both ranking and in-depth analysis, which is essential for tracking academic progress and identifying trends within the global scientific community.

What are the h-index and i10-index? The h-index is a widely recognized metric that evaluates both the productivity and citation impact of a researcher's published work. It is determined by the number of publications (h) that have received at least h citations each. For example, an h-index of 15 signifies that a researcher has authored 15 papers, each cited at least 15 times. A higher h-index reflects a sustained impact in the academic field. The i10-index, calculated by Google Scholar, counts the number of publications with at least 10 citations. This metric, while simpler, offers a valuable perspective on a researcher's consistent academic influence over time.

How is the "AD Scientific Index" "World Scientist and University Rankings" Different from Other Rankings? The AD Scientific Index distinguishes itself by offering a comprehensive analysis that includes both the total and last six years of h-index, i10-index, and citation data. This approach allows for a nuanced understanding of academic productivity and impact. Furthermore, the index ranks institutions by comparing them to all other institutions and then within specific categories, such as private and public universities. This layered ranking system provides a clearer picture of institutional performance in various contexts. Additionally, the index serves as a tool for identifying and addressing academic misconduct, including issues like plagiarism and unethical authorship practices.

The presence of valuable and productive scientists is fundamental to key parameters in

traditional academic rankings, such as universities' international reputation, research quality, teaching capacity, and industrial collaborations. These parameters are shaped largely by the academic achievements of these scientists. AD Scientific Index's in-depth focus on these scientists at an individual level reveals the underlying factors driving universities' overall performance in general rankings. Since many elements highlighted in other rankings are directly linked to the number of "valuable and productive scientists," AD Scientific Index underscores the significant influence of individual scientific contributions on a university's overall success. Unlike other rankings that rely on datasets accessible to only a limited number of institutions, the data on valuable and productive scientists are widely accessible, offering equal opportunities to all institutions and countries. By leveraging this accessibility, AD Scientific Index provides a more inclusive and comprehensive analysis, allowing institutions worldwide to be recognized for their strengths. This democratizes the ranking process and emphasizes the universal importance of individual scientists in shaping the success and reputation of universities, creating a level playing field for all institutions.

Unique Features of the "AD Scientific Index" "World Scientist and University Rankings"

- Academic and Economic Independence: The AD Scientific Index takes pride in its
 complete academic and economic independence, ensuring that our evaluations are free
 from external influences. This independence allows us to provide fair and unbiased
 assessments of academic performance, offering equal opportunities regardless of country,
 language, subject matter, or type of scientific publication. Our commitment to impartiality
 guarantees that scholars and institutions are judged solely on the merit of their academic
 contributions.
- 2. Transparent and Rigorous Methodology: At AD Scientific Index, we use open-source and verifiable data to ensure a transparent and rigorous methodology. Our data handling processes, the algorithms we employ, and the weighting of these algorithms are clearly defined, accessible, and open to scrutiny. By openly sharing how each criterion is weighted and calculated, we enable our users to fully understand the ranking process, actively participate in identifying and correcting any errors or ethical issues, and build greater trust in our system. This approach ensures that all evaluations are conducted fairly, in line with the principles of impartiality and equal opportunity.
- 3. **Comprehensive Evaluation:**The index uniquely shows the status of universities, institutions, hospitals, and companies, both in total and over the last six years, according to h-index, i10-index, and citation counts. This dual focus is not available in other ranking systems.
- 4. **Institutional Progress Analysis:** It tracks and analyzes the progress of institutions over the last six years, providing insights into how universities evolve over time.
- 5. **Public vs. Private Comparison:** The index compares public universities with each other, as well as private universities, companies, hospitals, and institutes, both in total and over the last six years, based on h-index, i10-index, and citation metrics.
- Scientific Ranking Distribution: It analyzes the scientific ranking of academic staff
 within institutions according to percentiles, offering a detailed breakdown of where
 institutions stand globally.
- 7. **Individual Status Tracking:** The index provides a detailed view of individuals' standings according to their h-index, i10-index, and citation counts, both in total and over the last six years.
- 8. **Global and Regional Rankings:** It ranks 2.411.701 individuals by 24.318 institutions, 219 country, 10 regions, and field globally, providing a comprehensive overview of their

- academic standing. The importance of ranking individuals and institutions according to specific branches and sub-disciplines cannot be overstated. This detailed analysis ensures that both niche specializations and broad fields of study are accurately represented, allowing for a more precise understanding of where individuals and institutions excel.
- 9. **Top List Reports:** The index generates top list reports for institutions by country, region, and globally, allowing for easy identification of leading institutions.
- Constantly Updated Rankings: Unlike other ranking systems that may update annually, the AD Scientific Index renews its rankings continuously, ensuring that the data remains current and relevant.
- 11. **Valuing Feedback and Contributions:** We highly value feedback and contributions from the academic community. By actively seeking and incorporating this input, the AD Scientific Index continuously refines its methodology, ensuring that rankings are accurate and up-to-date. This collaborative approach helps maintain the index's integrity and relevance, fostering a transparent and dynamic ranking system.
- 12. Increased Visibility and Early Detection of Ethical Violations: Excessive publishing, gift authorship, honorary authorship, citation cartels, fake paper factories, and other fraudulent practices pose serious ethical risks in the scientific world. These practices can undermine research quality and reliability, leading to a significant loss of trust in scientific literature. However, one of the key advantages of the database we use is its ability to make these ethical violations—previously thought to go unnoticed—highly visible and detectable at both individual and institutional levels from an early stage.
- 13. "Art and Humanities Rankings" and "Social Sciences and Humanities Rankings": Ensuring Fair Comparisons: Fields such as Art, Humanities, and Social Sciences are often overshadowed by the emphasis on the natural sciences in traditional rankings. To address this imbalance, we have developed separate Art and Humanities Rankings and Social Sciences and Humanities Rankings. By utilizing Google Scholar, which includes a broader range of academic outputs such as books and theses, we ensure fair and comprehensive representation of these fields. These rankings allow for distinct evaluations that consider the unique contributions of art, humanities, and social sciences, leveling the playing field against the natural sciences. This approach enables institutions to be fairly compared at national, continental, and global levels.

Data Source Approach

Ranking organizations rely on leading databases like Scopus (Elsevier), Web of Science (Clarivate Analytics), Google Scholar, and Nature Index for publication and citation analysis. Each of these databases offers unique strengths in evaluating academic performance, but they also come with certain limitations. Our Approach: We value ranking both institutions and individuals, and we adopt a methodology that is global, practical, and more inclusive. While maximizing the strengths of our chosen data source, we are mindful of its inherent limitations. To address these, we implement strategic approaches and continuously audit the data to enhance accuracy. By recognizing the limitations of our data source, we apply effective monitoring tools to mitigate these issues. These tools help us identify and correct errors, ensuring ongoing improvements in data quality. During this process, more attention has been given to nearly one million individual profiles, comprehensive data cleansing has been carried out, and many profiles have been deleted. Our focus is not only on the correct usage of existing data but also on the continual enhancement of its quality.

In summary, our methodology is built on a global and inclusive perspective, optimizing the

strengths of our selected data source while addressing potential errors and limitations through robust auditing mechanisms. This approach ensures that our rankings are increasingly accurate, reliable, and meaningful at both individual and institutional levels.

How Often is the Ranking Updated?

The AD Scientific Index is updated regularly to ensure the rankings reflect the most recent academic achievements. New entries, deletions, corrections, and changes typically become visible within one to three days. The h-index, i10-index, and citation numbers in profiles are updated every 60 to 90 days. Data for the rankings is primarily collected from Google Scholar, with a strong emphasis on standardizing names, institutions, and other relevant data. Due to the vast amount of information and varying formats from different sources, data cleansing and updates are ongoing and meticulous processes. Contributions from users to enhance data accuracy are always welcomed, helping to maintain the reliability and relevance of the index.

How Can I Be Included in the List? The AD Scientific Index is continuously expanding, currently including 2.411.701 scientists from 24.318 institutions across 219 countries. While the list regularly grows, new additions are limited to individual and institutional registrations to ensure data integrity and reliable results. To be included in the AD Scientific Index, please note that we do not accept requests via email or other communication channels. The only way to be considered for inclusion is by registering through the Register link provided on our website. This ensures that your information is accurately recorded and kept up to date in our system.

Who Can Be Included in the List and Reasons for Exclusion AD Scientific Index has included 2.411.701 scientists from 219 countries, 24.318 institutions, and 197 branches based on their publicly available Google Scholar profiles. If you cannot find a particular name on the list, it does not diminish the scientific value of that individual; it simply means they do not appear on the list for various reasons. However, there are several reasons why a scientist might not be included in the list:

- 1. Technical and Resource Limitations: While we aim to be as comprehensive as possible, it is technically and logistically impossible to include every researcher in the world. The large number of researchers at the individual level, along with factors such as deaths, retirements, frequent institutional changes, exclusions due to ethical violations, as well as mergers, name changes, closures, and the establishment of new institutions, creates a significant workload to keep the data up to date, making it challenging to ensure comprehensive coverage. To maintain data accuracy and currency, the expansion will be limited to registrations made through the Register link.
- 2. **Absence of a Google Scholar Profile:** Researchers who do not maintain a Google Scholar profile, or whose profile is not public, cannot be included in the index.
- 3. The scientist's **preference not to appear** on the list or their request to be removed from the list.
- 4. **Incomplete or Inaccurate Profile Information:** Profiles that lack sufficient information or contain irrelevant data may be excluded from the index. This ensures that the rankings are based on comprehensive and reliable information.
- 5. **Changes in Profile Visibility:** If a researcher's Google Scholar profile shifts between public and private settings or if there are inconsistencies in the data, the profile may be excluded during updates.
- 6. **Ethical Concerns:** Profiles found to contain unethical elements, such as misleading publication records or false membership information, and profiles with retracted articles will

- be removed from the index. Institutions are encouraged to monitor and verify the profiles of their staff to maintain academic integrity.
- 7. **Profile Deletion Due to Inaccessibility:** Profiles that become inaccessible during periodic updates or due to technical issues may also be removed from the list. Researchers are advised to regularly check and update their profiles to ensure continued inclusion.

Ensuring Ethical Integrity and Accuracy in Profile Information: The accuracy of profile information is an ethical responsibility of each individual scientist. To prevent the dissemination of misleading or inaccurate information, institutions, countries, and professional societies are encouraged to periodically review the profiles of their affiliated scientists. We place significant importance on addressing reports of incorrect, misleading, or ethically questionable profile information. Maintaining the integrity and reliability of the data within the AD Scientific Index is our top priority, and we reserve the right to remove profiles without notice, including those with paid registrations, if they are found to violate ethical standards, without issuing a refund.

Is it Necessary to Register to See Your Ranking? Registration is not required to find out your ranking in the AD Scientific Index. Scientists with similar h-index, i10-index, and citation counts will be ranked accordingly. However, registration is necessary to be included in the ranking with all its detailed elements.

Ranking Criteria

The AD Scientific Index employs a comprehensive and multi-dimensional approach to ranking scientists and institutions based on key indicators of academic impact:

- **Total h-index scores:** Reflects the cumulative academic influence of a researcher across their entire career.
- Last 6 years' h-index scores: Emphasizes recent academic productivity and impact.
- **Total i10 index scores:** Indicates the number of publications with at least 10 citations, showcasing the breadth of high-impact work.
- Last 6 years' i10 index scores: Focuses on recent high-impact publications, highlighting the researcher's productivity in recent years.
- **Total number of citations:** Measures the cumulative impact of a researcher's publications.
- **Number of citations in the last 6 years:** Highlights the recent citation impact of a researcher's work.

H-Index Rankings Criteria

H-index rankings assess the overall academic influence and impact of scientists within their respective fields. Researchers are ranked by their university, country, region, and globally based on their h-index, which captures both the quantity and quality of their scholarly output.

- Primary Ranking: The total h-index is the primary criterion.
- Additional Factors, in order: The last 6 years' h-index score, total i10 index score, and total number of citations are used sequentially.

i10 Index Productivity Rankings Criteria

i10 Index Productivity Rankings focus on identifying scientists who are particularly effective in

producing high-value, highly-cited research.

- Primary Ranking: The total i10 index score is the primary criterion.
- Additional Factors, in order: The last 6 years' i10 index score, total h-index score, and total number of citations are considered sequentially.

Citation Rankings Criteria

Citation Rankings (Highly Cited Researchers) emphasize the recognition and influence of a scientist's work based on the total number of citations received.

- *Primary Ranking:* The total number of citations is the primary criterion.
- Additional Factors, in order: The number of citations in the last 6 years, total i10 index score, and last 6 years' i10 index score are used to further refine the rankings.

These criteria are applied to evaluations focused on the last 6 years. Institutions are also ranked according to these same criteria at the national, regional, and global levels, ensuring a thorough and accurate assessment of academic performance across different organizational contexts.

By applying these criteria across both long-term and recent time frames, the AD Scientific Index provides a comprehensive and balanced evaluation of a scientist's and institution's impact, offering a clear picture of their contributions to the academic community.

Studies Influencing Ranking Due to High Citation Numbers For studies with an unusually high number of citations, such as those from CERN, ATLAS, ALICE, CMS, or those involving statistical data, guidelines, and updates, we have implemented a procedure to ensure fairness in the rankings. Authors of such papers are marked with an asterisk "i" at the end of their names to indicate this distinction. This helps maintain the integrity of the rankings by recognizing these studies appropriately without allowing them to disproportionately influence the overall results. Additionally, there is an option to view a list that excludes these types of studies to further ensure balanced rankings.

Why Are Last 6 Years' Ratios Important? The h-index, i10 index, and the ratio of citations in the last six years to the total number of citations are crucial metrics that reflect both the individual performance of scientists and the impact of institutional policies on the broader academic landscape. These ratios provide a clear indication of recent productivity and influence.

Subject Rankings: Which Subjects are Ranked in the AD Scientific Index?

The AD Scientific Index offers an unparalleled depth of analysis by categorizing academic achievements into 197 sub-disciplines across various major fields of study. This level of detailed differentiation among sub-disciplines provides an analytical depth not commonly found in other academic ranking systems. The sub-disciplines have been defined based on the branches and departments within universities rather than research fields or areas of interest. This approach allows for a clearer categorization of academic activities and contributions, aligning more closely with the organizational structure and educational programs of universities. As a result, the unique characteristics and academic impact of each branch and department within the university can be more accurately and thoroughly analyzed by the AD Scientific Index.

Agriculture & Forestry: Agricultural Biotechnology, Agricultural Economics, Agricultural

Engineering, Agricultural Mechanization, Agriculture, Animal Science, Crop Sciences, Entomology & Pesticides, Fisheries, Forestry, Horticulture, Plant Science, Poultry Production, Soil and Water Engineering and Conservation, Soil Sciences and Plant Nutrition.

Architecture & Design : Architecture, Design, Urban Planning, Interior Architecture.

Business & Management: Business Administration, Communications and Media Studies, Decision Science and Operations Management, Entrepreneurship, Human Resource Management, Marketing, Public Administration, Strategic Management.

Economics & Econometrics: Accounting & Finance, Banking and Insurance, Economics, Environmental Economics, Financial Economics, International Trade.

Education: Early Childhood Education, Education (Other, All), Educational Administration, Educational Psychology, Educational Technology, Foreign Language Education, Guidance and Counseling, Mathematics and Science Education, Physical Education and Sport Science, Sociology of Education, Special Education.

Engineering & Technology: Aerospace Engineering, Automotive Engineering, Bioengineering, Biomaterials and Tissue Engineering, Biomedical Engineering, Chemical Engineering, Civil Engineering, Computer Science, Earth Sciences, Electrical & Electronic Engineering, Electrical & Information Engineering, Energy Engineering, Environmental Science & Engineering, Food Science and Engineering, Geomatics Engineering, Industrial & Manufacturing Engineering, Marine Sciences and Engineering, Mechanical Engineering, Mechatronics Engineering, Metallurgical & Materials Engineering, Meteorology & Atmospheric Sciences, Mining Engineering, Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, Nuclear Engineering, Petroleum Engineering, Textile Engineering.

History, Philosophy, Theology: History, Philosophy, Theology.

Law / Legal Studies: Business-Corporate Law, Civil Law, Constitutional Law, Criminal Law, Employment Law, Environmental Law, European Union Law, International Law, Islamic Law, Law and Legal Studies, Public Law, Tax Law.

Medical and Health Sciences: Anatomy, Anesthesiology and Reanimation, Audiology and Speech Pathology, Bacteriology, Biochemistry, Biophysics, Biostatistics, Cardiology, Cardiovascular Surgery, Chest Diseases, Child and Adolescent Psychiatry, Clinical Pathology, Dentistry, Dermatology and Venereology, Emergency Medicine, Endocrinology and Metabolism, Epidemiology and Public Health, Family Medicine, Forensic Medicine, Gastroenterology, General Surgery, Geriatrics, Health Administration, Health Sciences, Hematology, Histology and Embryology, Immunology, Infectious Diseases, Intensive Care, Internal Medicine, Medical Biochemistry, Medical Biology, Medical Education, Medical Genetics, Medical Microbiology, Medical Mycology, Medical Oncology, Medical Physics, Medical Physiology, Microbiology, Molecular Biology, Mycology, Neonatology, Nephrology, Neurology, Neuroscience, Neurosurgery, Nuclear Medicine, Nursing and Midwifery, Nutrition and Dietetics, Obstetrics and Gynecology, Occupational Medicine, Ophthalmology, Optometry, Orthopedics and Traumatology, Otorhinolaryngology, Parasitology, Pathology, Pediatric Allergy and Immunology, Pediatric Cardiology, Pediatric Emergency, Pediatric Endocrinology and Metabolism, Pediatric Gastroenterology, Pediatric Hematology, Pediatric Infectious Diseases, Pediatric Intensive Care, Pediatric Nephrology, Pediatric Neurology, Pediatric Pulmonology, Pediatric Rheumatology, Pediatric Surgery, Pediatrics and Child Health, Perinatology, Pharmaceutical Sciences,

Pharmacology, Pharmacology and Toxicology, Pharmacy & Pharmaceutical Sciences, Physical Medicine, Physiology, Physiotherapy, Plastic Surgery, Podiatry, Psychiatry, Radiation Oncology, Radiographer, Radiology, Rheumatology, Thoracic Surgery, Urology, Veterinary Sciences, Virology.

Natural Sciences: Biological Science, Chemical Sciences, Geography, Mathematical Sciences, Molecular Biology & Genetics, Physics.

Social Sciences: Anthropology, Archeology, Arts, Child Development, Demography, Higher Education Studies, Housing, International Relations, Library and Information Science, Linguistics and Literature, Open and Distance Education, Political Science, Psychology, Regional Studies, Social Policy, Social Science, Social Work, Sociology, Tourism & Hospitality, Transportation Science & Technology.

This meticulous categorization within the AD Scientific Index ensures that academic contributions are recognized in their specific contexts, offering a richer and more accurate depiction of scholarly impact.

Ranking Criteria for Universities

AD Scientific Index has developed its institutional ranking methodology based on the belief that the most valuable asset of an academic institution is its "Valuable and Productive Scientist," with all other aspects and processes being by-products of this core value.

We offer rankings that encompass all types of institutions, including universities, private universities, public universities, institutions, hospitals, and companies, as well as specific rankings within these relevant categories. For example, a private university can view its ranking within its country, region, and the world among all institutions, all private universities, and all universities.

Institutional rankings in the AD Scientific Index are determined by analyzing the distribution of scientists within the top 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, and 90% of the institution's performance metrics. Institutions that have a greater number of scientists within these percentile bands achieve higher rankings. If two institutions have an equal number of scientists in a particular range, the next percentile range is considered. If the tie persists, the institution with the higher overall number of individual scientists is ranked higher.

The AD Scientific Index offers a unique and comprehensive platform for evaluating 24,500 institutions across multiple dimensions, including Total h-index, Last 6 Years h-index, Total i10 Index, Last 6 Years i10 Index, Total Citations, and Last 6 Years Citations. This in-depth analysis allows institutions to assess their strengths and identify areas for improvement by examining subject-specific and global percentile rankings.

Young University/Institution Rankings

We present the Young University/Institution Rankings, evaluating universities, research institutes, companies, and hospitals established within the last 30 years that produce science and employ scientists. This ranking determines these institutions' place in the global scientific community, demonstrating that 30 years is a sufficient period to assess their development and impact. Our analysis aims to objectively identify the strengths and weaknesses of young institutions, helping them shape their strategies and formulate their policies.

Social Sciences and Humanities Rankings

The "Social Sciences and Humanities Rankings" is a unique ranking that consists of fields such as **Business & Management, Economics & Econometrics, Education, History, Philosophy, Theology, Law,** and **Social Sciences.** This ranking excludes areas such as **Medicine, Engineering,** and **Natural Sciences,** allowing for a more equitable assessment within the social sciences and humanities. As a result, individuals and institutions in these fields are evaluated based on their achievements without being overshadowed by the stronger disciplines of the natural sciences.

Art and Humanities Rankings

The "Art and Humanities Rankings" is a specialized ranking that includes fields such as **History**, **Philosophy**, **Theology**, **Linguistics and Literature**, **Archaeology**, and **Arts**. By focusing solely on these disciplines, this ranking provides a more balanced evaluation of individuals and institutions, ensuring that their achievements in the arts and humanities are recognized without being overshadowed by the dominance of fields like **Medicine**, **Engineering**, and **Natural Sciences**. This allows for a fairer comparison based on success within these creative and scholarly disciplines.

Pricing Policy

At AD Scientific Index, most of our services, including access to individual and institutional rankings, are offered free of charge. However, for those seeking more advanced features, we also provide premium services.

Free Services:

• You can directly access individual and institutional rankings through the main page links in the site header. Additionally, the most comprehensive academic data, by far, which you can access without a password and free of charge for both individuals and institutions, is available on the AD Scientific Index.

Premium Services:

- For a one-time fee covering three years, you can gain access to more comprehensive analyses and have the ability to input and modify your own data on the Scientist and Institution pages.
- Our premium services allow you to register, edit, and manage your rankings and data, giving you full control over your academic profile.
- Differentiated Pricing Based on Income Levels: To promote greater accessibility and equity,
 AD Scientific Index employs a differentiated pricing model based on the income levels of
 different countries. We understand that the financial capacity of institutions and individuals
 varies across different regions, and we are committed to ensuring that our services are
 available to as broad an audience as possible.

As an independent organization, AD Scientific Index is committed to providing our community with the best and most reliable academic ranking and analysis services.

Click here for individual and discounted institutional bulk registration.

Privacy- Data Policy: We respect your personal rights and your requests for the deletion of your data. For more information, please **click**

Contact- FAQ Frequently Asked Questions and Answers

Table I. Number of scientists in Oceania top 10.000 according to Country

#	Country	Country Region Rank	Country World Rank	Scientists in Oceania Top 10.000	Total Institutions	Total Scientist
1	Australia	1	3	8946	156	49188
2	New Zealand	2	28	1044	54	7194
3	Fiji	4	126	6	3	248
4	French Polynesia	5	136	2	2	30
5	Northern Mariana Islands	3	124	1	1	4
6	Vanuatu	8	159	1	3	5

Table II. All Types Institutions in Oceania top 10.000

#	Institution	Country Rank	Region Rank	World Rank	Country	Type of Institution	Founded	Scientists in Oceania Top 10.000	Scientists in World Top 3%	Scientists in World Top 10%	Scientists in World Top 20%	Scientists in World Top 30%
1	University of Queensland	1	1	19	Australia	Public	1909	799	283	839	1393	1837
2	Monash University	2	2	21	Australia	Public	1958	799	276	836	1445	1951
3	University of Melbourne	3	3	26	Australia	Public	1853	735	265	781	1334	1758
4	University of New South Wales	4	4	28	Australia	Public	1949	709	238	741	1269	1673
5	University of Sydney	5	5	29	Australia	Public	1850	700	279	723	1248	1657
6	Australian National University	6	6	69	Australia	Public	1946	474	192	490	787	1061
7	University of Adelaide	7	7	86	Australia	Public	1874	407	151	425	721	952
8	Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organization	8	8	87	Australia	Institution	1916	397	95	424	830	1149
9	University of Western Australia	9	9	96	Australia	Public	1911	394	131	408	664	866
10	University of Auckland	1	10	137	New Zealand	Public	1883	1385	94	333	621	824
11	Macquarie University	10	11	147	Australia	Public	1964	288	79	308	551	759
12	Deakin University	11	12	159	Australia	Public	1974	275	76	288	552	818
13	University of Technology Sydney	12	13	173	Australia	Public	1988	264	80	276	486	662
14	Queensland University of Technology	13	14	174	Australia	Public	1989	267	99	274	517	720

#	Institution	Country Rank	Region Rank	World Rank	Country	Type of Institution	Founded	Scientists in Oceania Top 10.000	Scientists in World Top 3%	Scientists in World Top 10%	Scientists in World Top 20%	Scientists in World Top 30%
15	Curtin University	14	15	176	Australia	Public	1986	264	85	274	502	656
16	Griffith University	15	16	191	Australia	Public	1971	248	71	263	516	691
17	University of Otago	2	17	203	New Zealand	Public	1869	1280	61	249	462	632
18	RMIT University	16	18	218	Australia	Public	1887	221	47	233	445	607
19	University of Tasmania	17	19	219	Australia	Public	1846	221	68	231	398	564
20	University of Wollongong	18	20	242	Australia	Public	1951	213	81	219	380	498
21	University of Newcastle	19	21	260	Australia	Public	1965	194	72	205	378	501
22	La Trobe University	20	22	273	Australia	Public	1964	184	52	195	355	481
23	Flinders University	21	23	334	Australia	Public	1966	156	41	164	318	453
24	University of South Australia	22	24	344	Australia	Public	1991	152	46	160	326	449
25	Swinburne University of Technology	23	25	346	Australia	Public	1908	155	60	160	297	384
26	Western Sydney University	24	26	348	Australia	Public	1989	149	44	159	343	492
27	James Cook University	25	27	367	Australia	Public	1961	138	45	150	272	400
28	Massey University	3	28	420	New Zealand	Public	1927	838	26	123	252	365
29	Victoria University of Wellington	4	29	447	New Zealand	Public	1897	504	25	116	255	380
30	University of Canterbury	5	30	551	New Zealand	Public	1873	662	21	93	190	272
31	Murdoch University	26	31	552	Australia	Public	1973	88	24	93	183	247

#	Institution	Country Rank	Region Rank	World Rank	Country	Type of Institution	Founded	Scientists in Oceania Top 10.000		Scientists in World Top 10%	Scientists in World Top 20%	Scientists in World Top 30%
32	Peter Maccallum Cancer Centre	27	32	709	Australia	Hospital	1949	61	34	66	95	120
33	University of Waikato	6	33	715	New Zealand	Public	1964	369	14	65	137	197
34	Auckland University of Technology	7	34	741	New Zealand	Public	2000	619	15	62	142	232
35	Edith Cowan University	28	35	744	Australia	Public	1991	59	21	62	132	212
36	University of the Sunshine Coast	29	36	773	Australia	Public	1994	55	11	59	113	163
37	University of New England Australia	30	37	776	Australia	Public	1938	57	19	58	143	206
38	Charles Sturt University	31	38	777	Australia	Public	1989	55	9	58	130	204
39	Australian Catholic University	32	39	780	Australia	Public	1991	55	19	58	114	151
40	QIMR Berghofer Medical Research Institute	33	40	796	Australia	Institution	1945	55	22	57	95	123
41	Victoria University	34	41	821	Australia	Public	1916	54	13	54	103	140
42	Walter and Eliza Hall Institute of Medical Research	35	42	836	Australia	Institution	1915	50	24	53	100	139
43	University of Canberra	36	43	844	Australia	Public	1967	49	6	52	118	171
44	Plant and Food Research, New Zealand	8	44	851	New Zealand	Institution	2008	244	6	51	106	167

#	Institution	Country Rank	Region Rank	World Rank	Country	Type of Institution	Founded	Scientists in Oceania Top 10.000	Scientists in World Top 3%	Scientists in World Top 10%	Scientists in World Top 20%	Scientists in World Top 30%
45	Southern Cross University	37	45	855	Australia	Public	1994	46	9	51	95	136
46	University of Southern Queensland	38	46	895	Australia	Public	1967	41	9	47	104	160
47	Garvan Institute of Medical Research	39	47	974	Australia	Institution	1963	42	21	42	75	98
48	Central Queensland University	40	48	982	Australia	Public	1967	40	7	41	95	139
49	Landcare Research Ltd	9	49	1101	New Zealand	Company	1992	112	7	34	64	86
50	Royal Children's Hospital Melbourne	41	50	1115	Australia	Hospital	1870	31	17	34	44	54
51	Charles Darwin University	42	51	1212	Australia	Public	2003	27	4	30	54	78
52	AgResearch Ltd	10	52	1213	New Zealand	Company	1992	113	5	30	54	74
53	National Institute of Water & Atmospheric Research Ltd (NIWA)	11	53	1281	New Zealand	Institution	1992	141	10	28	55	82
54	Australian Nuclear Science and Technology Organisation	43	54	1298	Australia	Institution	1987	26	4	27	71	90
55	Federation University Australia	44	55	1300	Australia	Public	1994	25	3	27	67	106
56	Lincoln University Canterbury	12	56	1338	New Zealand	Public	1878	135	4	26	55	73
57	Florey Institute of Neuroscience and Mental Health	45	57	1347	Australia	Institution	2006	25	14	26	47	63

#	Institution	Country Rank	Region Rank	World Rank	Country	Type of Institution	Founded	Scientists in Oceania Top 10.000	Scientists in World Top 3%	Scientists in World Top 10%	Scientists in World Top 20%	Scientists in World Top 30%
58	GNS Science	13	58	1363	New Zealand	Institution	1865	143	3	25	61	78
59	Telethon Kids Institute	46	59	1374	Australia	Institution	1987	22	12	25	50	67
60	Australian Institute of Marine Science (AIMS)	47	60	1478	Australia	Institution	1972	18	3	22	47	63
61	Burnet Institute	48	61	1527	Australia	Institution	1986	20	8	21	40	52
62	Bond University	49	62	1631	Australia	Private	1987	19	5	19	39	54
63	Hudson Institute of Medical Research	50	63	1646	Australia	Institution	1960	19	8	19	33	45
64	Bureau of Meteorology (BOM)	51	64	1687	Australia	Institution	1908	14	0	18	42	64
65	Menzies School of Health Research	52	65	1720	Australia	Private	1985	18	5	18	27	36
66	Australian Antarctic Division	53	66	2014	Australia	Institution	1948	13	2	14	23	32
67	Baker Heart and Diabetes Institute	54	67	2113	Australia	Institution	1926	13	6	13	23	33
68	New Zealand Forest Research Institute (Scion)	14	68	2294	New Zealand	Institution	1992	96	0	11	26	50
69	Victor Chang Cardiac Research Institute	55	69	2583	Australia	Institution	1994	8	5	9	20	28
70	Australian Synchrotron	56	70	2665	Australia	Institution	2007	9	1	9	12	14
71	University of Notre Dame Australia	57	71	2713	Australia	Private	1989	7	1	8	26	39

#	Institution	Country Rank	Region Rank	World Rank	Country	Type of Institution	Founded	Scientists in Oceania Top 10.000	Scientists in World Top 3%	Scientists in World Top 10%	Scientists in World Top 20%	Scientists in World Top 30%
72	University of the South Pacific	1	72	2740	Fiji	Public	1968	120	0	8	22	27
73	Australian Museum	58	73	2811	Australia	Institution	1827	8	2	8	16	23
74	Cawthron Institute	15	74	2994	New Zealand	Institution	1919	45	1	7	17	27
75	Cancer Council Victoria	59	75	3058	Australia	Institution	1936	7	3	7	12	17
76	South Australian Museum	60	76	3072	Australia	Institution	1856	7	1	7	11	14
77	Torrens University Australia	61	77	3560	Australia	Private	2012	5	3	5	10	14
78	Melbourne Business School	62	78	3587	Australia	Private	1955	5	1	5	9	19
79	Cancer Council New South Wales	63	79	4002	Australia	Institution	1961	4	1	4	7	8
80	Western Australian Museum	64	80	4453	Australia	Institution	1891	3	1	3	7	9
81	Institute of Environmental Science and Research	16	81	4612	New Zealand	Institution	1992	5	0	3	5	5
82	Childrens Medical Research Institute	65	82	4682	Australia	Institution	1958	3	1	3	4	4
83	AbacusBio Ltd.	17	83	4700	New Zealand	Company	2001	7	0	3	3	4
84	Childrens Cancer Institute Australia	66	84	4707	Australia	Institution	1976	3	2	3	3	4
85	Centenary Institute	67	85	4714	Australia	Institution	1989	3	2	3	3	3
86	Bionics Institute	68	86	4715	Australia	Institution	1984	3	2	3	3	3

#	Institution	Country Rank	Region Rank	World Rank	Country	Type of Institution	Founded	Scientists in Oceania Top 10.000	Scientists in World Top 3%	Scientists in World Top 10%	Scientists in World Top 20%	Scientists in World Top 30%
87	Université de la Polynésie Française	1	87	5392	French Polynesia	Public	1987	29	0	2	4	6
88	Medical Research Institute of New Zealand	18	88	5455	New Zealand	Institution	1998	8	2	2	4	4
89	Cairnmillar Institute	69	89	5456	Australia	Institution	1961	2	1	2	4	4
90	Victorian Institute of Forensic Medicine	70	90	5468	Australia	Institution	1985	2	0	2	4	4
91	BHP Group	71	91	5735	Australia	Company	1885	2	0	2	2	4
92	Manukau Institute of Technology	19	92	5736	New Zealand	Institution	1970	15	0	2	2	3
93	Calvary Mater Newcastle	72	93	5756	Australia	Hospital	1995	2	0	2	2	4
94	Arthur Rylah Institute for Environmental Research	73	94	5791	Australia	Institution	1970	2	0	2	2	3
95	SP Jain School of Global Management, Sydney	74	95	5810	Australia	Private	2000	2	2	2	2	2
96	XING Technologies Pty Ltd.	75	96	5815	Australia	Company	2013	2	0	2	2	2
97	Fiji National University	2	97	5969	Fiji	Public	1885	109	0	1	8	15
98	Eastern Institute of Technology	20	98	6211	New Zealand	Public	1975	36	0	1	5	8
99	Australian Maritime College	76	99	6237	Australia	Public	1980	1	0	1	5	7
100	Fortescue Metals	77	100	6465	Australia	Company	2003	1	0	1	4	4

#	Institution	Country Rank	Region Rank	World Rank	Country	Type of Institution	Founded	Scientists in Oceania Top 10.000	Scientists in World Top 3%	Scientists in World Top 10%	Scientists in World Top 20%	Scientists in World Top 30%
101	Cabrini Hospital	78	102	6746	Australia	Hospital	1973	1	0	1	3	3
102	Nelson Marlborough Institute of Technology	23	105	6979	New Zealand	Public	1905	15	0	1	2	5
103	Malaghan Institute of Medical Research	24	106	6991	New Zealand	Institution	2019	11	1	1	2	4
104	Waikato Regional Council	25	107	7038	New Zealand	Institution	2016	11	0	1	2	3
105	Phillip Island Nature Parks	80	109	7256	Australia	Institution	2009	1	0	1	2	3
106	Australian College of Optometry (ACO)	81	110	7295	Australia	Public	1940	1	0	1	2	2
107	Australian Wine Research Institute	82	111	7344	Australia	Institution	1955	1	0	1	2	2
108	Otago Polytechnic	26	112	7474	New Zealand	Public	1870	48	0	1	1	4
109	Cancer Council Queensland	83	113	7640	Australia	Institution	2010	1	1	1	1	4
110	Murray Darling Basin Authority	84	115	7769	Australia	Institution	2008	1	0	1	1	2
111	Ara Institute of Canterbury	27	116	7812	New Zealand	Institution	2016	23	0	1	1	2
112	Melbourne Polytechnic	85	117	7855	Australia	Public	1988	1	0	1	1	2
113	Northern Marianas College	1	119	8083	Northern Mariana Islands	Public	1981	4	1	1	1	1
114	Independent Researcher Vanuatu	1	120	8097	Vanuatu	Company	1956	3	0	1	1	1

#	Institution	Country Rank	Region Rank	World Rank	Country	Type of Institution		Scientists in Oceania Top 10.000			Scientists in World Top 20%	Scientists in World Top 30%
115	Spark New Zealand	28	121	8105	New Zealand	Company	1987	3	0	1	1	1
116	IIBIT	87	122	8152	Australia	Private	1999	1	0	1	1	1
117	Institut Louis Malardé (ILM)	2	123	8219	French Polynesia	Institution	1948	1	0	1	1	1

Table III. All Universities in Oceania top 10.000

#	University	Country Rank	Region Rank	World Rank	Country	Type of Institution	Founded	Scientists in Oceania Top 10.000	Scientists in World Top 3%	Scientists in World Top 10%	Scientists in World Top 20%	Scientists in World Top 30%
1	University of Queensland	1	1	19	Australia	Public	1909	799	283	839	1393	1837
2	Monash University	2	2	21	Australia	Public	1958	799	276	836	1445	1951
3	University of Melbourne	3	3	26	Australia	Public	1853	735	265	781	1334	1758
4	University of New South Wales	4	4	28	Australia	Public	1949	709	238	741	1269	1673
5	University of Sydney	5	5	29	Australia	Public	1850	700	279	723	1248	1657
6	Australian National University	6	6	67	Australia	Public	1946	474	192	490	787	1061
7	University of Adelaide	7	7	82	Australia	Public	1874	407	151	425	721	952
8	University of Western Australia	8	8	91	Australia	Public	1911	394	131	408	664	866
9	University of Auckland	1	9	128	New Zealand	Public	1883	1385	94	333	621	824
10	Macquarie University	9	10	136	Australia	Public	1964	288	79	308	551	759
11	Deakin University	10	11	148	Australia	Public	1974	275	76	288	552	818
12	University of Technology Sydney	11	12	161	Australia	Public	1988	264	80	276	486	662
13	Queensland University of Technology	12	13	162	Australia	Public	1989	267	99	274	517	720
14	Curtin University	13	14	163	Australia	Public	1986	264	85	274	502	656
15	Griffith University	14	15	175	Australia	Public	1971	248	71	263	516	691

#	University	Country Rank	Region Rank	World Rank	Country	Type of Institution	Founded	Scientists in Oceania Top 10.000	Scientists in World Top 3%	Scientists in World Top 10%	Scientists in World Top 20%	Scientists in World Top 30%
16	University of Otago	2	16	187	New Zealand	Public	1869	1280	61	249	462	632
17	RMIT University	15	17	200	Australia	Public	1887	221	47	233	445	607
18	University of Tasmania	16	18	201	Australia	Public	1846	221	68	231	398	564
19	University of Wollongong	17	19	221	Australia	Public	1951	213	81	219	380	498
20	University of Newcastle	18	20	235	Australia	Public	1965	194	72	205	378	501
21	La Trobe University	19	21	247	Australia	Public	1964	184	52	195	355	481
22	Flinders University	20	22	301	Australia	Public	1966	156	41	164	318	453
23	University of South Australia	21	23	311	Australia	Public	1991	152	46	160	326	449
24	Swinburne University of Technology	22	24	313	Australia	Public	1908	155	60	160	297	384
25	Western Sydney University	23	25	315	Australia	Public	1989	149	44	159	343	492
26	James Cook University	24	26	333	Australia	Public	1961	138	45	150	272	400
27	Massey University	3	27	381	New Zealand	Public	1927	838	26	123	252	365
28	Victoria University of Wellington	4	28	404	New Zealand	Public	1897	504	25	116	255	380
29	University of Canterbury	5	29	490	New Zealand	Public	1873	662	21	93	190	272
30	Murdoch University	25	30	491	Australia	Public	1973	88	24	93	183	247
31	University of Waikato	6	31	628	New Zealand	Public	1964	369	14	65	137	197

#	University	Country Rank	Region Rank	World Rank	Country	Type of Institution	Founded	Scientists in Oceania Top 10.000	Scientists in World Top 3%	Scientists in World Top 10%	Scientists in World Top 20%	Scientists in World Top 30%
32	Auckland University of Technology	7	32	647	New Zealand	Public	2000	619	15	62	142	232
33	Edith Cowan University	26	33	650	Australia	Public	1991	59	21	62	132	212
34	University of the Sunshine Coast	27	34	674	Australia	Public	1994	55	11	59	113	163
35	University of New England Australia	28	35	676	Australia	Public	1938	57	19	58	143	206
36	Charles Sturt University	29	36	677	Australia	Public	1989	55	9	58	130	204
37	Australian Catholic University	30	37	679	Australia	Public	1991	55	19	58	114	151
38	Victoria University	31	38	713	Australia	Public	1916	54	13	54	103	140
39	University of Canberra	32	39	729	Australia	Public	1967	49	6	52	118	171
40	Southern Cross University	33	40	735	Australia	Public	1994	46	9	51	95	136
41	University of Southern Queensland	34	41	764	Australia	Public	1967	41	9	47	104	160
42	Central Queensland University	35	42	825	Australia	Public	1967	40	7	41	95	139
43	Charles Darwin University	36	43	977	Australia	Public	2003	27	4	30	54	78
44	Federation University Australia	37	44	1041	Australia	Public	1994	25	3	27	67	106
45	Lincoln University Canterbury	8	45	1064	New Zealand	Public	1878	135	4	26	55	73
46	Bond University	38	46	1242	Australia	Private	1987	19	5	19	39	54

#	University	Country Rank	Region Rank	World Rank	Country	Type of Institution	Founded	Scientists in Oceania Top 10.000	Scientists in World Top 3%	Scientists in World Top 10%	Scientists in World Top 20%	Scientists in World Top 30%
47	Menzies School of Health Research	39	47	1284	Australia	Private	1985	18	5	18	27	36
48	University of Notre Dame Australia	40	48	1881	Australia	Private	1989	7	1	8	26	39
49	University of the South Pacific	1	49	1902	Fiji	Public	1968	120	0	8	22	27
50	Torrens University Australia	41	50	2408	Australia	Private	2012	5	3	5	10	14
51	Melbourne Business School	42	51	2424	Australia	Private	1955	5	1	5	9	19
52	Université de la Polynésie Française	1	52	3583	French Polynesia	Public	1987	29	0	2	4	6
53	SP Jain School of Global Management, Sydney	43	53	3852	Australia	Private	2000	2	2	2	2	2
54	Fiji National University	2	54	3968	Fiji	Public	1885	109	0	1	8	15
55	Eastern Institute of Technology	9	55	4154	New Zealand	Public	1975	36	0	1	5	8
56	Australian Maritime College	44	56	4177	Australia	Public	1980	1	0	1	5	7
57	Nelson Marlborough Institute of Technology	11	59	4705	New Zealand	Public	1905	15	0	1	2	5
58	Australian College of Optometry (ACO)	46	61	4908	Australia	Public	1940	1	0	1	2	2
59	Otago Polytechnic	12	62	5032	New Zealand	Public	1870	48	0	1	1	4

#	University	Country Rank	Region Rank	World Rank	Country	Type of Institution	Founded	Scientists in Oceania Top 10.000	Scientists in World Top 3%	Scientists in World Top 10%		Scientists in World Top 30%
60	Melbourne Polytechnic	47	64	5333	Australia	Public	1988	1	0	1	1	2
61	Northern Marianas College	1	65	5491	Northern Mariana Islands	Public	1981	4	1	1	1	1
62	IIBIT	48	66	5542	Australia	Private	1999	1	0	1	1	1

Table IV. Public Universities in Oceania top 10.000

#	University	Country Rank	Region Rank	World Rank	Country	Founded	Scientists in Oceania Top 10.000	Scientists in World Top 3%	Scientists in World Top 10%	Scientists in World Top 20%	Scientists in World Top 30%
1	University of Queensland	1	1	14	Australia	1909	799	283	839	1393	1837
2	Monash University	2	2	16	Australia	1958	799	276	836	1445	1951
3	University of Melbourne	3	3	19	Australia	1853	735	265	781	1334	1758
4	University of New South Wales	4	4	21	Australia	1949	709	238	741	1269	1673
5	University of Sydney	5	5	22	Australia	1850	700	279	723	1248	1657
6	Australian National University	6	6	55	Australia	1946	474	192	490	787	1061
7	University of Adelaide	7	7	67	Australia	1874	407	151	425	721	952
8	University of Western Australia	8	8	76	Australia	1911	394	131	408	664	866
9	University of Auckland	1	9	108	New Zealand	1883	1385	94	333	621	824
10	Macquarie University	9	10	114	Australia	1964	288	79	308	551	759
11	Deakin University	10	11	124	Australia	1974	275	76	288	552	818
12	University of Technology Sydney	11	12	136	Australia	1988	264	80	276	486	662
13	Queensland University of Technology	12	13	137	Australia	1989	267	99	274	517	720
14	Curtin University	13	14	138	Australia	1986	264	85	274	502	656
15	Griffith University	14	15	150	Australia	1971	248	71	263	516	691
16	University of Otago	2	16	162	New Zealand	1869	1280	61	249	462	632
17	RMIT University	15	17	174	Australia	1887	221	47	233	445	607
18	University of Tasmania	16	18	175	Australia	1846	221	68	231	398	564
19	University of Wollongong	17	19	191	Australia	1951	213	81	219	380	498
20	University of Newcastle	18	20	205	Australia	1965	194	72	205	378	501
21	La Trobe University	19	21	215	Australia	1964	184	52	195	355	481

#	University	Country Rank	Region Rank	World Rank	Country	Founded	Scientists in Oceania Top 10.000	Scientists in World Top 3%	Scientists in World Top 10%	Scientists in World Top 20%	Scientists in World Top 30%
22	Flinders University	20	22	262	Australia	1966	156	41	164	318	453
23	University of South Australia	21	23	272	Australia	1991	152	46	160	326	449
24	Swinburne University of Technology	22	24	274	Australia	1908	155	60	160	297	384
25	Western Sydney University	23	25	276	Australia	1989	149	44	159	343	492
26	James Cook University	24	26	289	Australia	1961	138	45	150	272	400
27	Massey University	3	27	334	New Zealand	1927	838	26	123	252	365
28	Victoria University of Wellington	4	28	355	New Zealand	1897	504	25	116	255	380
29	University of Canterbury	5	29	435	New Zealand	1873	662	21	93	190	272
30	Murdoch University	25	30	436	Australia	1973	88	24	93	183	247
31	University of Waikato	6	31	562	New Zealand	1964	369	14	65	137	197
32	Auckland University of Technology	7	32	579	New Zealand	2000	619	15	62	142	232
33	Edith Cowan University	26	33	581	Australia	1991	59	21	62	132	212
34	University of the Sunshine Coast	27	34	599	Australia	1994	55	11	59	113	163
35	University of New England Australia	28	35	601	Australia	1938	57	19	58	143	206
36	Charles Sturt University	29	36	602	Australia	1989	55	9	58	130	204
37	Australian Catholic University	30	37	604	Australia	1991	55	19	58	114	151
38	Victoria University	31	38	634	Australia	1916	54	13	54	103	140
39	University of Canberra	32	39	646	Australia	1967	49	6	52	118	171
40	Southern Cross University	33	40	651	Australia	1994	46	9	51	95	136
41	University of Southern Queensland	34	41	678	Australia	1967	41	9	47	104	160

#	University	Country Rank	Region Rank	World Rank	Country	Founded	Scientists in Oceania Top 10.000	Scientists in World Top 3%	Scientists in World Top 10%	Scientists in World Top 20%	Scientists in World Top 30%
42	Central Queensland University	35	42	728	Australia	1967	40	7	41	95	139
43	Charles Darwin University	36	43	855	Australia	2003	27	4	30	54	78
44	Federation University Australia	37	44	911	Australia	1994	25	3	27	67	106
45	Lincoln University Canterbury	8	45	932	New Zealand	1878	135	4	26	55	73
46	University of the South Pacific	1	46	1590	Fiji	1968	120	0	8	22	27
47	Université de la Polynésie Française	1	47	2761	French Polynesia	1987	29	0	2	4	6
48	Fiji National University	2	48	2985	Fiji	1885	109	0	1	8	15
49	Eastern Institute of Technology	9	49	3101	New Zealand	1975	36	0	1	5	8
50	Australian Maritime College	38	50	3119	Australia	1980	1	0	1	5	7
51	Nelson Marlborough Institute of Technology	10	52	3435	New Zealand	1905	15	0	1	2	5
52	Australian College of Optometry (ACO)	39	53	3532	Australia	1940	1	0	1	2	2
53	Otago Polytechnic	11	54	3605	New Zealand	1870	48	0	1	1	4
54	Melbourne Polytechnic	40	56	3744	Australia	1988	1	0	1	1	2
55	Northern Marianas College	1	57	3807	Northern Mariana Islands	1981	4	1	1	1	1

 Table V. Private Universities in Oceania top 10.000

#	University	Country Rank	Region Rank	World Rank	Country		Scientists in Oceania Top 10.000	Scientists in World Top 3%	Scientists in World Top 10%	Scientists in World Top 20%	Scientists in World Top 30%
1	Bond University	1	1	160	Australia	1987	19	5	19	39	54
4	Menzies School of Health Research	4	2	167	Australia	1985	18	5	18	27	36
3	University of Notre Dame Australia	3	3	308	Australia	1989	7	1	8	26	39
4	Torrens University Australia	4	4	437	Australia	2012	5	3	5	10	14
5	Melbourne Business School	5	5	445	Australia	1955	5	1	5	9	19
6	SP Jain School of Global Management, Sydney	6	6	952	Australia	2000	2	2	2	2	2
7	IIBIT	8	9	1712	Australia	1999	1	0	1	1	1

Table VI. Young Universities in Oceania Top 10.000

#	University	Country Rank	Region Rank	World Rank	Country	Founded	Scientists in Oceania Top 10.000	Scientists in World Top 3%	Scientists in World Top 10%	Scientists in World Top 20%	Scientists in World Top 30%
1	Auckland University of Technology	7	32	647	New Zealand	2000	619	15	62	142	232
2	University of the Sunshine Coast	27	34	674	Australia	1994	55	11	59	113	163
3	Southern Cross University	33	40	735	Australia	1994	46	9	51	95	136
4	Charles Darwin University	36	43	977	Australia	2003	27	4	30	54	78
5	Federation University Australia	37	44	1041	Australia	1994	25	3	27	67	106
6	Torrens University Australia	41	50	2408	Australia	2012	5	3	5	10	14
7	SP Jain School of Global Management, Sydney	43	53	3852	Australia	2000	2	2	2	2	2
8	IIBIT	48	66	5542	Australia	1999	1	0	1	1	1

Table VII. Institutions in Oceania top 10.000

#	Institution	Country Rank	Region Rank	World Rank	Country	Founded	Scientists in Oceania Top 10.000	Scientists in World Top 3%	Scientists in World Top 10%	Scientists in World Top 20%	Scientists in World Top 30%
1	Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organization	1	1	4	Australia	1916	397	95	424	830	1149
2	QIMR Berghofer Medical Research Institute	2	2	81	Australia	1945	55	22	57	95	123
3	Walter and Eliza Hall Institute of Medical Research	3	3	90	Australia	1915	50	24	53	100	139
4	Plant and Food Research, New Zealand	1	4	92	New Zealand	2008	244	6	51	106	167
5	Garvan Institute of Medical Research	4	5	121	Australia	1963	42	21	42	75	98
6	National Institute of Water & Atmospheric Research Ltd (NIWA)	2	6	203	New Zealand	1992	141	10	28	55	82
7	Australian Nuclear Science and Technology Organisation	5	7	205	Australia	1987	26	4	27	71	90
8	Florey Institute of Neuroscience and Mental Health	6	8	221	Australia	2006	25	14	26	47	63
9	GNS Science	3	9	229	New Zealand	1865	143	3	25	61	78
10	Telethon Kids Institute	7	10	233	Australia	1987	22	12	25	50	67
11	Australian Institute of Marine Science (AIMS)	8	11	268	Australia	1972	18	3	22	47	63
12	Burnet Institute	9	12	288	Australia	1986	20	8	21	40	52
13	Hudson Institute of Medical Research	10	13	331	Australia	1960	19	8	19	33	45
14	Bureau of Meteorology (BOM)	11	14	349	Australia	1908	14	0	18	42	64

#	Institution	Country Rank	Region Rank	World Rank	Country	Founded	Scientists in Oceania Top 10.000	Scientists in World Top 3%	Scientists in World Top 10%	Scientists in World Top 20%	Scientists in World Top 30%
15	Australian Antarctic Division	12	15	455	Australia	1948	13	2	14	23	32
16	Baker Heart and Diabetes Institute	13	16	490	Australia	1926	13	6	13	23	33
17	New Zealand Forest Research Institute (Scion)	4	17	542	New Zealand	1992	96	0	11	26	50
18	Victor Chang Cardiac Research Institute	14	18	648	Australia	1994	8	5	9	20	28
19	v	15	19	689	Australia	2007	9	1	9	12	14
20	Australian Museum	16	20	723	Australia	1827	8	2	8	16	23
21	Cawthron Institute	5	21	776	New Zealand	1919	45	1	7	17	27
22	Cancer Council Victoria	17	22	806	Australia	1936	7	3	7	12	17
23	South Australian Museum	18	23	813	Australia	1856	7	1	7	11	14
24	Cancer Council New South Wales	19	24	1081	Australia	1961	4	1	4	7	8
25	Western Australian Museum	20	25	1199	Australia	1891	3	1	3	7	9
26	Institute of Environmental Science and Research	6	26	1249	New Zealand	1992	5	0	3	5	5
27	Childrens Medical Research Institute	21	27	1276	Australia	1958	3	1	3	4	4
28	Childrens Cancer Institute Australia	22	28	1287	Australia	1976	3	2	3	3	4
29	Centenary Institute	23	29	1290	Australia	1989	3	2	3	3	3
30	Bionics Institute	24	30	1291	Australia	1984	3	2	3	3	3
31	Medical Research Institute of New Zealand	7	31	1445	New Zealand	1998	8	2	2	4	4
32	Cairnmillar Institute	25	32	1446	Australia	1961	2	1	2	4	4
33	Victorian Institute of Forensic Medicine	26	33	1453	Australia	1985	2	0	2	4	4

#	Institution	Country Rank	Region Rank	World Rank	Country	Founded	Scientists in Oceania Top 10.000	Scientists in World Top 3%	Scientists in World Top 10%	Scientists in World Top 20%	Scientists in World Top 30%
34	Manukau Institute of Technology	8	34	1508	New Zealand	1970	15	0	2	2	3
35	Arthur Rylah Institute for Environmental Research	27	35	1528	Australia	1970	2	0	2	2	3
36	Malaghan Institute of Medical Research	10	37	1752	New Zealand	2019	11	1	1	2	4
37	Waikato Regional Council	11	38	1757	New Zealand	2016	11	0	1	2	3
38	Phillip Island Nature Parks	28	39	1796	Australia	2009	1	0	1	2	3
39	Australian Wine Research Institute	29	40	1825	Australia	1955	1	0	1	2	2
40	Cancer Council Queensland	30	41	1854	Australia	2010	1	1	1	1	4
41	Murray Darling Basin Authority	31	42	1872	Australia	2008	1	0	1	1	2
42	Ara Institute of Canterbury	12	43	1880	New Zealand	2016	23	0	1	1	2
43	Institut Louis Malardé (ILM)	1	45	1927	French Polynesia	1948	1	0	1	1	1

Table VIII. Companies in Oceania top 10.000

#	Company	Country Rank	Region Rank	World Rank	Country		Scientists in Oceania Top 10.000	Scientists in World Top 3%	Scientists in World Top 10%	Scientists in World Top 20%	Scientists in World Top 30%
1	Landcare Research Ltd	1	1	26	New Zealand	1992	112	7	34	64	86
2	AgResearch Ltd	2	2	30	New Zealand	1992	113	5	30	54	74
3	AbacusBio Ltd.	3	3	216	New Zealand	2001	7	0	3	3	4
4	BHP Group	1	4	297	Australia	1885	2	0	2	2	4
5	XING Technologies Pty Ltd.	2	5	306	Australia	2013	2	0	2	2	2
6	Fortescue Metals	3	6	351	Australia	2003	1	0	1	4	4
7	Independent Researcher Vanuatu	1	7	531	Vanuatu	1956	3	0	1	1	1
8	Spark New Zealand	4	8	532	New Zealand	1987	3	0	1	1	1

Table IX. Hospitals in Oceania top 10.000

#	Hospital	Country Rank	Region Rank	World Rank	Country	Founded	Scientists in Oceania Top 10.000		Scientists in World Top 10%	Scientists in World Top 20%	Scientists in World Top 30%
1	Peter Maccallum Cancer Centre	1	1	10	Australia	1949	61	34	66	95	120
2	Royal Children's Hospital Melbourne	2	2	18	Australia	1870	31	17	34	44	54
3	Calvary Mater Newcastle	3	3	118	Australia	1995	2	0	2	2	4
4	Cabrini Hospital	4	4	128	Australia	1973	1	0	1	3	3